

Wysylanie samochodow  
wysylanie samochodow pictures in album by "Informat. w.  
z. ob. pol. prof. dr. J. M. K. 1965-68 '65

J. M. K. (Janusz Maciej Kaczyński (Kodeks) w  
kratowic (Lierseniks prof. dr. med. i. Kaczyński).

SZPASZKIJ, A.G. [Spasskiy, A.G.]; FOMIN, B.A.; OLEJNYIKOV, S.I.  
[Oleynikov, S.I.]

Heat treatment of melted metals and its effect on the strength  
properties of castings. Koh lap 93 no.8; Suppl: Ontode 11 no.8;  
167-170 Ag '60.

LUSZAWSKI, Stanislaw, doc. inż., ANDREWICZ, Stanislaw, mgr.inz.;  
OLEK, Czealawa.

Studies on the possibilities of using fly ash for bituminous  
mixtures, Techn. drog. prace 3:19-89'62.

LESZANSKI, Stanislaw, doc. mgr inz.; WOJDAŁ CMICZ, Grażyna; GŁEK, Czesława.

Weathering of bituminous binding mixtures, its causes and  
remedies. Techn. drog. prace 219-43'63.

OLEKH, K., Cand Biol Sci -- (diss) "Influence of soil humidity on intensity of photosynthesis, respiration, and other functions of an ear of oats." Moscow, 1960. 21 pp; (Moscow Order of Lenin Agricultural Academy im K. A. Timiryazev); 150 copies; price not given; (KL, 26-60, 133).

L 11146-66 ENT(1)/FCC GM  
ACC NRI AT5028650

SOURCE CODE: UR/2633/65/000/019/0099/0119

AUTHOR: Olekhnik, V. N.

ORG: Far Eastern Scientific Research Hydrometeorological Institute, Vladivostok  
(Dal'nevostochnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy gidrometeorologicheskiy institut)

TITLE: Strong winds along river Lena from Yakutsk to Tiksi

SOURCE: Vladivostok. Dal'nevostochnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy  
gidrometeorologicheskiy institut. Trudy, no. 19, 1965. Voprosy aerologii i  
sinopticheskoy meteorologii (Problems in aerology and synoptic meteorology), 99-119

TOPIC TAGS: synoptic meteorology, wind direction, wind velocity, cyclone

ABSTRACT: Synoptic conditions and the system of strong winds (6 points and above) along the river Lena from Yakutsk to Tiksi were investigated, using synoptic and barometric topography data for the years 1950-59. The ability to forecast such wind storms is of importance to the fishing industry and navigation. It was established that both velocity and the frequency of the winds are affected by topographic characteristics of the Lena basin. Highest frequency of the winds was observed during spring and fall, the lowest--during the winter months. Frequency of winds of 13-hour duration decreases from the south to the north, while that of winds of greater duration diminishes from the north to the south. Throughout the area the

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winds of greatest duration occur during the cold season. The strong winds are related to cyclones which are divided into six groups according to their trajectories. Based on the study of synoptic processes, it was possible to isolate 8 types of baric conditions under which strong winds could be predicted within 24 hours:

1) System of high baric field, providing for eastward shift of cyclones through the Middle Siberian Plateau; 2) cyclonic activity in one of the Kara Sea, Taymyr, Severnaya Zemlya, and Arctic Ocean zones; 3) disturbance of latitudinal circulation over Western Siberia and the Middle Siberian Plateau; 4) high deformation field over the Siberian and Arctic regions; 5) "plunging" cyclones, moving from Severnaya Zemlya to Western Yakutiya; 6) anticyclone moving over Yakutiya from the north and northwest; 7) development of a trough from the Okhotsk Sea; 8) southern cyclones originating in Mongolia and Zabaykal. Annual distribution of various types of strong wind conditions is shown graphically. Prognosis of strong winds based on such classification of conditions was 90% correct for types 1,4, and 6; 87% for type 8; 95% for type 2; and 100% for type 5. Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 4 tables.

SUB CODE: 04/

SUBM DATE: none

PC

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OLEKSENKO, V.N.

Strong winds along the Lena River from Yakutsk to Tiksi. Trudy  
Dal'nevost. NIGHT No. 19:99-119 '65. (MIRA 19:1)

BARAT, Iosif Yefimovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; BARSHEV, Vladimir Nikolayevich, inzhener; BOGUSLAVSKIY, Vladimir Konstantinovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; D'YACHKOV, Vladimir Konstantinovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KORNEYEV, Grigoriy Kur'mich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KUZNETSOV, Leonid Vasil'yevich, inzhener; MUKLER, Abram Grigor'yevich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; NIKOLAEVSKIY, Georgiy Matveyevich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; NIKONOV, German Pavlovich, inzhener; OLEKHNOVICH, Angelina Ionil'evna, inzhener; SEGAL', Il'ya Samoylovich, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; SPITSINA, Irina Osipovna, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; GORA, V. Ye., inzhener, retsenzenter; SPIVAKOVSKIY, A.O., professor, redaktor; BURMISTROV, P.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; MARTENS, S.L., inzhener, redaktor; MATVEYeva, Ye.N., tekhnicheskiy redaktor; TIKHANOV, A.Ya., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Present-day hoisting and conveying technology in foreign countries; a survey of the literature] Sovremennaya pod'ezhno-transportnaya tekhnika za ruberzhom; obzor literatury. Pod red. A.O.Spivakovskogo i dr. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekh. izd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry. 1957. 306 p. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Spivakovskii)  
(Hoisting machinery)

OLEKHNOVICH, A. I., Cand Med Sci (diss) -- "The sanitary-hygienic characteristics of the coastal zone of the Gulf of Finland in the Leningrad spa region and measures to improve them". Leningrad, 1957. 18 pp (First Leningrad Med Inst im Acad I. P. Pavlov, Chair of General Hygiene), 200 copies (KL, No 10, 1960, 137)

OLEKHNOVICH, A.I., aspirant

Sanitary condition of water in the Bay of Finland near the shores  
of the Leningrad resort region and measures for its improvement.  
Gig. i san. 24 no.1:77-79 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Iz kafedry obshchey giglyany I Leningradkogo meditsinskogo  
instituta imeni I.P. Pavlova.

(WATER POLLUTION,  
in Bay of Finland in Leningrad resorts (Rus))

ZIL'BER, D.A.; OLEKHNOVICH, A.I.

Fluorescent lighting of pharmacies. Apt. delo 12 no.6:20-  
23 N-D '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Leningradskiy khimiko-farmatsevticheskiy institut.

OLEKHOVICH, B.A., inzhener-podpolkovnik

Pamphlet on nickel plating "Increasing the durability of nickel plated items", by S.A. Vishenkov. Reviewed by B.A.Olekhovich). Vest. Vzd. Pl. no.3:90 Mr '60. (MIRA 13:9)  
(Nickel plating) (Vishenkov, S.A.)

OLEKHNOVICH, O.I. (g.Molchad', Baranovichskoy oblasti)

Treatment of injuries in foot and mouth disease. Veterinariia 30  
no.5:23 My '53. (MLR 6:5)

OLEKHNOVICH, ...

USSR/Engineering - Oscillation instruments

Card : 1/1 Pub. 128 - 6/32

Authors : Olekhnovich, K. A.

Title : A device for deciphering vibograms.

Periodical : Vest. mash. 34/7, 17 - 18, July 1954

Abstract : The co-workers of the mechanical laboratory of the Engineering-Construction Institute in Leningrad, have designed and constructed a simple device for deciphering vibograms. A short description of the operation and structure of the device is given. Illustration; diagram.

Institution : ...

Submitted : ...

OLEKHNOVICH, N. A.

OLEKHNOVICH, N. A.- "Principles of Design and Construction of Vibrator Tables on Elastic Pads." Min of Higher Education USSR, Leningrad Order of Labor Red Banner Engineering-Construction Inst. of the Mechanical Faculty, Leningrad, 1955 (Dissertations For Degrees of Candidate of Technical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis' No. 26, June 1955, Moscow

OLEKHNOVICH, I.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk,

Making hollowcast floors on vibrating tables. Stroi.prom. 33 no.10:  
38-41 O '55. (Floors, Concrete) (MIRA 9:1)

OLEKHNOVICH, K.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Vibration tables on elastic cusions. Mekh.stroi. 13 no.5:15-20  
My '56. (MLRA 9:8)  
(Concrete)

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S/097/60/000/06/02/002  
82074

AUTHORS: Chuprunenko, Ye.V.; Olekhnovich, K.A.; Candidates of Technical Sciences and Marchenko, K.I., Engineer

TITLE: Vibro-Activation of Small-Grain Concretes

PERIODICAL: Beton i Zhelezobeton, 1960, No. 6, pp. 279 - 280

TEXT: The usual grinding fineness of cement corresponding to a specific surface of 2,500-3,000 cm<sup>2</sup>/g is not sufficient to make full use of its active properties. Soviet scientists have developed improved methods of activating cement by means of vibrational impulses of a determined intensity. For this purpose special laboratory vibro-active mixers of 1.5 and 10 liters capacity have been designed, in which vibrational impulses are produced by horizontally mounted vibrators with circular oscillation. Thus ingredients are being mixed in the course of vibration. A period of 5 minutes proved to be the best time for this operation. In the article are given comparative results obtained by the vibro-active mixer as well as by ordinary mixer. Over 1,000 samples were tested; it was observed that the higher the frequency used, the greater is the strength of the product. Considering technical difficulties involved in the design of installations operating with too high frequencies, it was decided to

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Vibro-Activation of Small-Grain Concretes

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limit the frequency to 2,850 vibrations per minute. The amplitudes of vibration between 0.35 and 65 mm proved to be the most effective (Graph 3). The greater strength of the products is explained by the fact that under the influence of vibrational impulses a greater quantity of cement clinker grains is dispersed, resulting in an increased number of colloid particles. The authors draw the conclusion that vibro-activation with a frequency of 2,850 vibrations per minute, combined with the action of an alternating electric current of 25-35 v, is sufficiently effective to increase the activity of cement in mortar and in fine-grain cement. The addition of calcium chloride is apt to further increase their strength. The described principle of vibro-activation can be realized in industrial installations having a capacity of 2-3 m<sup>3</sup> of activated product per hour. By increasing the voltage the product can be brought up to the desired temperature during cold weather. There are 1 photograph, 1 diagram and 3 graphs.

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OLEKHNOVICH, K.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; CHUPRUNENKO, Ye.V., kand.tekhn.nauk;  
MARCHENKO, K.I., inzh.

Efficient method of activating a slag concrete mix. Stroi.mat.  
7 no.8:38-39 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:8)  
(Concrete) (Slag)

GLEKHOVICH, K.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Rod vibromixer with nonlinear resonance vibrations. Trudy NIZHE  
no.33:103-112 '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Poltavskiy inzhenerno-stroitel'nyy institut.

OLEKHNOVICH, K., MIKHAILICHENKO, N. and KONOVALOV, N. (Volokolamsk Inter-District Veterinary Bacteriological Laboratory, Moscow Oblast'). (Abstracted by V. A. ALIKAYEV)

"Using efficiency in calculations determining the carotene content in feeds.." Veterinariya, vol. 39, no. 2, February 1962 pp. 77

OLEKHNOVICH, L.I., A.A. KONSHIN, A.A. (Odessa)

Morphology of tuberculous meningitis in adults treated with streptomycin  
Arkh. pat. 18 no.4:23-26 '56 (MIRA 11:10)

1. Iz patomorfologicheskoy laboratorii (zav. - kandidat meditsinskikh  
nauk L.I. Olekhnovich) Odesskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta  
tuberkuleza (dir. - starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik M.A. Brusnikin).

(TUBERCULOSIS, pathol. MENINGEAL, pathol.  
eff. of streptomycin ther. on morphol. of dissected brain  
(Rus))  
(STREPTOMYCIN, ther.  
tuber. meningeal, eff. on morphol. of dissected brain (Rus))

OLEKHNOVICH, L.I., kand.med.nauk

Incidence and morphological properties of amyloidosis in tuberculosis  
treated with antibacterial preparations [with summary in French].  
Probl.tub. 36 no.1:96-101 '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz patomorfologicheskoy laboratorii Odesskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta tuberkuleza (dir. - starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik  
N.A.Brusnikin)

(TUBERCULOSIS, compl.

amyloidosis, incidence & morphol. properties in  
antibact. ther. (Rus))

(AMYLOIDOSIS, compl.

incidence & morphol. properties in antibact. ther. of  
tuberc. (Rus))

OLEKHNOVICH, L.I.

Clinical and morphological features of uremia in amyloid-lipoid  
nephrosis in patients with tuberculosis. Arkh.pat. 22 no.9:41-44  
'60.

(MIRA 13:12)

(UREMIA) (TUBERCULOSIS)  
(KIDNEYS—DISEASES)

End  
# 395